

Cálculo Diferencial e Integral II

Calcule a integral:

a) $\int dx =$

b) $\int \frac{3}{4} dx =$

c) $\int \left[-\frac{9}{4} + t^2 \right] dt =$

d) $\int \left[h^5 + \frac{\frac{3}{3}}{h^2} \right] dh =$

$$1) \int (3x^2 - 1)^{1/3} 6x dx =$$

$$2) \int (3x^2 - 1)^{1/3} x dx =$$

$$3) \int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt[3]{(2-x^2)^2}} =$$

$$4) \int x(3 + 7x^2)5dx =$$

$$5) \int \sqrt{(2 - 3x)} dx =$$

$$6) \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^6+x^4}}{x} dx =$$

$$7) \int x \sqrt[3]{(x^2 + 3)^5} =$$

$$8) \int \frac{x^2 dx}{(2+3x^3)^3} =$$

$$9) \int \frac{xdx}{\sqrt{9-4x^2}} =$$

$$\mathbf{10) } \int \frac{\cos x dx}{\sqrt{1 + \sin x}} =$$

$$\mathbf{11) } \int x e^{-x^2} dx =$$

$$\mathbf{12) } \int \frac{\sin x dx}{\cos^2 x} =$$

$$\mathbf{13)} \int \sin(\pi x) \cdot \cos(\pi x) dx =$$

$$\mathbf{14)} \int e^{5x} dx =$$

$$\mathbf{15)} \int \frac{e^x dx}{1+e^x} =$$

$$\mathbf{16)} \int (e^x + 1)^6 e^x dx =$$

$$17) \int \frac{(2x+1)dx}{\sqrt{x^2+x+2}} =$$

Integração por partes

$$18) \int x \cos x dx$$

$$19) \int x^2 e^x dx$$

$$\mathbf{20) } \int e^x \cos x dx$$

$$\mathbf{21) } \int e^x \sin x dx$$

$$22) \quad \int x \ln x dx$$

$$23) \quad \int \ln x dx$$

Integrais Trigonométricas:

$$1) \quad \int \sin^2 x dx =$$

$$2) \int \cos^2 3x dx =$$

$$3) \int \sin^3 x dx =$$

$$4) \int \cos^3 x dx =$$

$$5) \int \cos^4 x dx =$$

$$6) \int \sin^3 x \cos^4 x dx =$$

Atividades Apostila:

1. $\int (2x + 5) dx =$

2. $\int \left(5v^4 + \frac{3}{4}v^3 - \frac{5}{8}v^{\frac{5}{4}}\right) dv =$

3. $\int \left(4\sqrt{t} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}}\right) dt =$

$$4. \int \left(\frac{3}{z^3} + \frac{5}{z^5} + z^{3/7} \right) dz =$$

$$5. \int (3x + 2)^2 dx =$$

$$6. \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \, dx =$$

$$7. \int -\frac{3}{4} \cos k \, dk =$$

$$8. \int (\sqrt{z} + \sqrt[3]{z}) dz =$$

$$9. \int (\sqrt{w} + \sin w) dw =$$

$$10. \int \frac{\sqrt{t+2}}{t} dt =$$

$$11. \int (\sqrt[3]{k^5} + \sin k) dk =$$

$$12. \int \left(\frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{x^{\frac{3}{7}}} \right) dx =$$